



Global Economy and Trade Past the nadir?

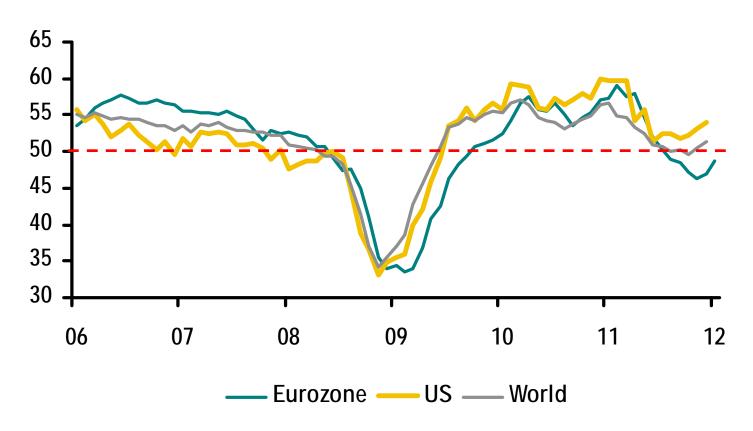
Nick Kounis Head Macro Research

Athens, 29 February 2012



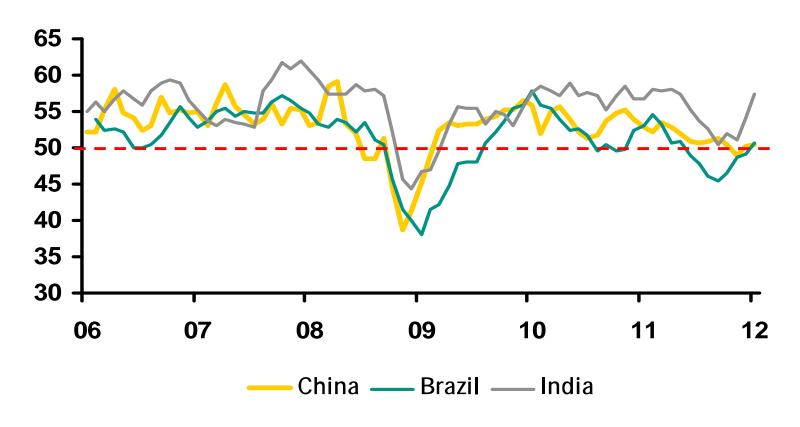
Global economy looks to be bottoming out

Manufacturing PMIs



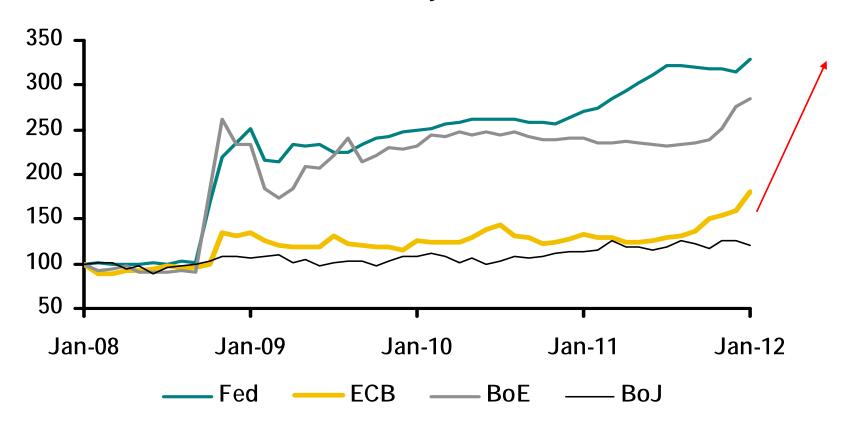
Emerging markets as well as advanced economies

Manufacturing PMIs



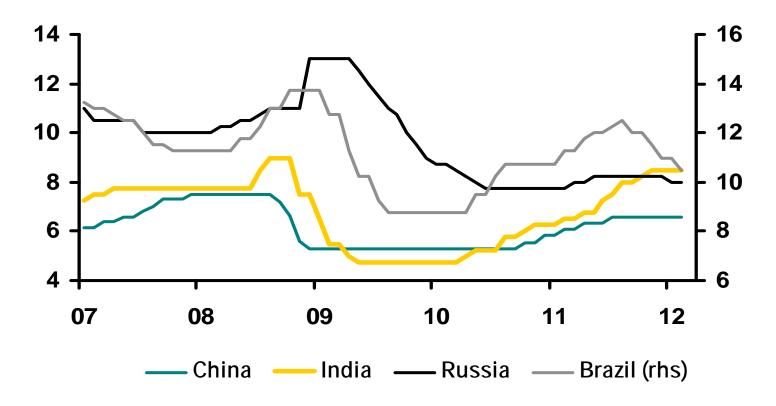
The Return of Global Easing

Central bank balance sheet, January 2008 = 100



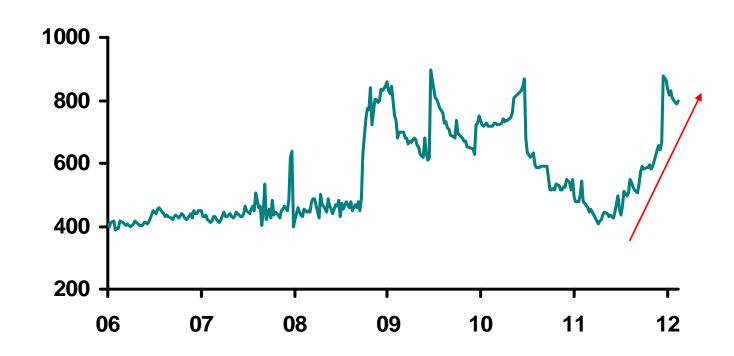
Emerging markets going from rate hikes to cuts

Central bank policy rates, %



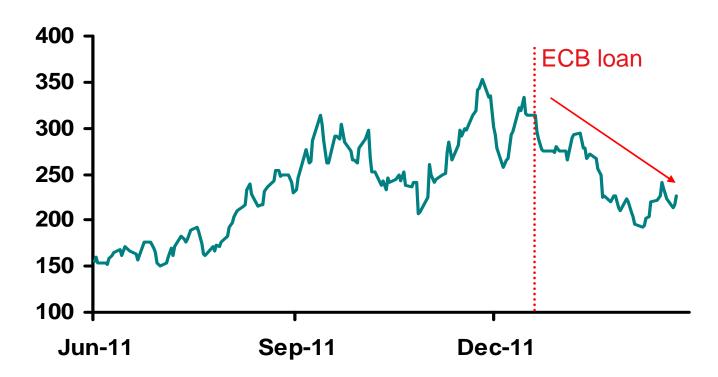
ECB has averted a credit crunch

ECB lending to commercial banks, EUR bn



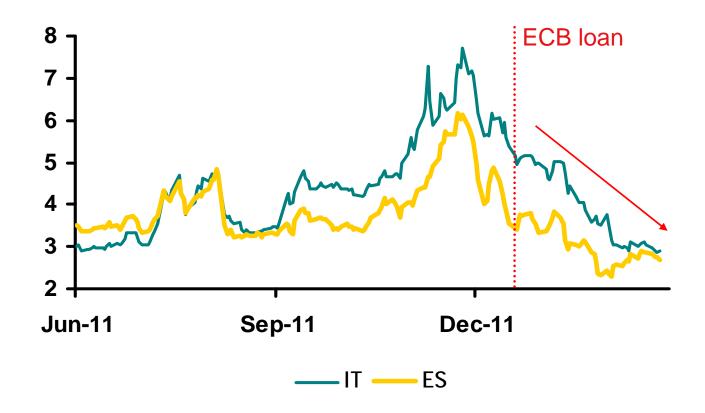
Bank funding markets starting to thaw

Eurozone bank CDS index

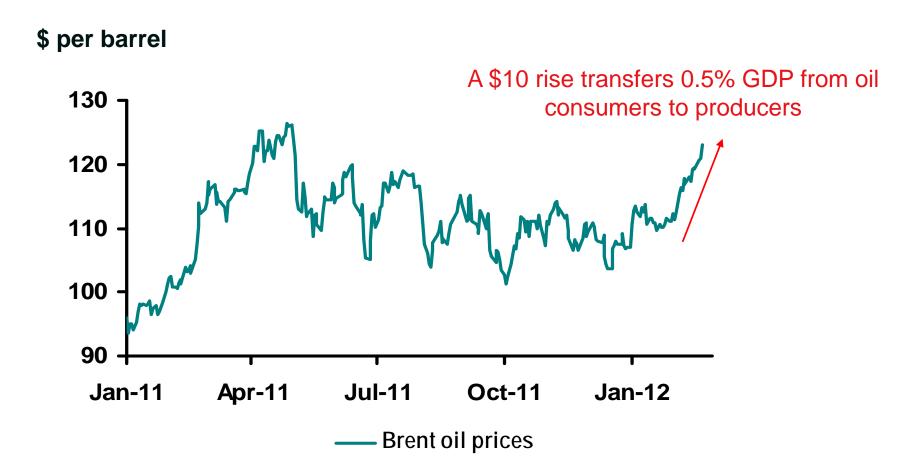


Sovereign bond market stress easing

2-Y government bond yield, %

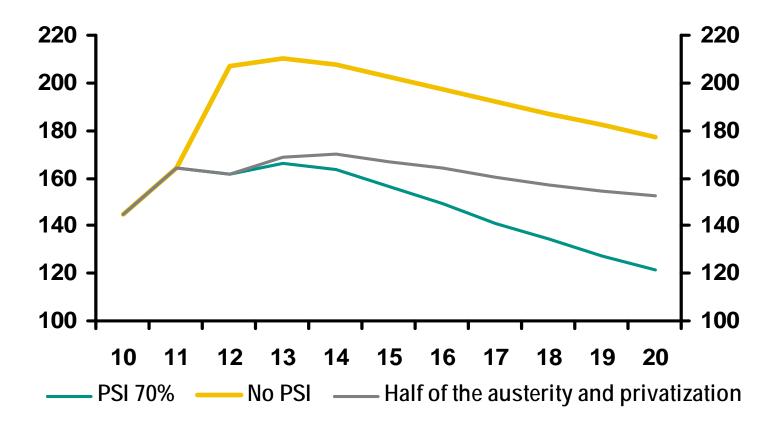


Oil prices could spoil the mood...

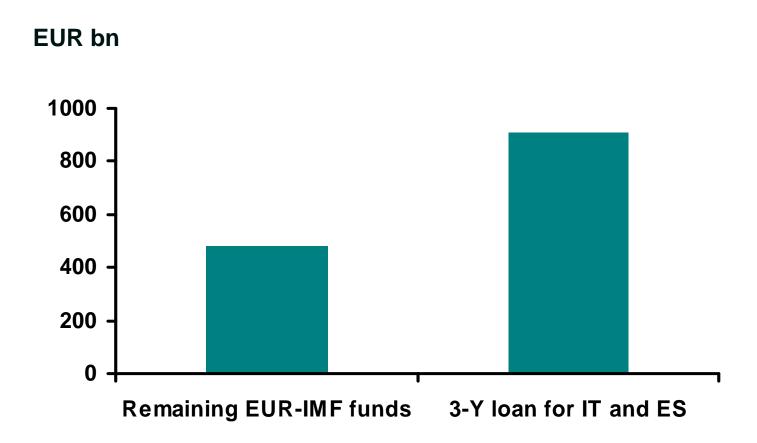


...and the debt crisis could re-escalate

Greek government debt, % GDP

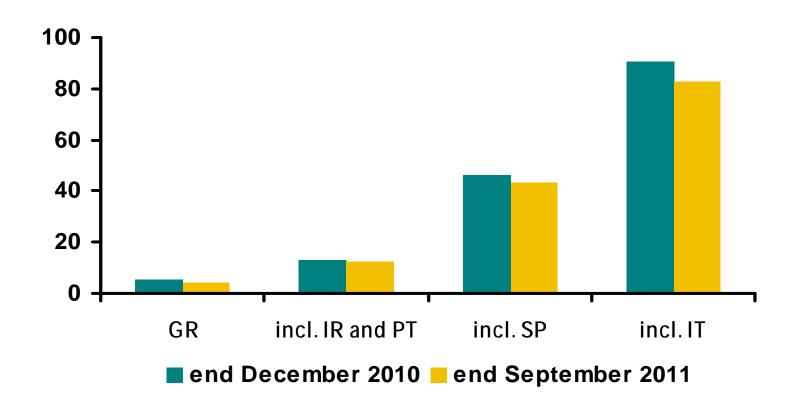


Safety net is just not big enough



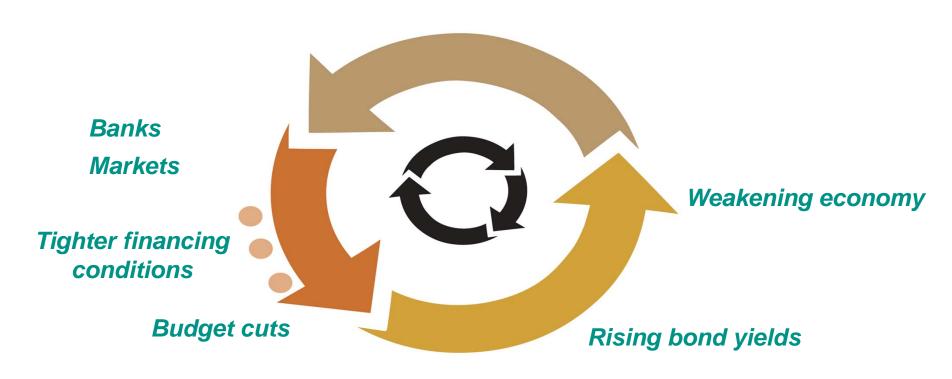
Large Eurozone bank exposures to periphery

Eurozone big bank exposure to sovereign debt (% tier 1 capital)



Threat of a vicious circle, euro break-up

Indebted governments



Who is going to save the euro?



Costs of super crisis outweigh costs of bail-out

Costs of euro break-up: 50 - 100% GDP over 3-yrs

Defaults

Bank failures

Financial panic

Uncertainty

Deep recession

Wealth losses

Costs of bail-out: 25% GDP

EFSF to be increased to 1.3 trillion euros

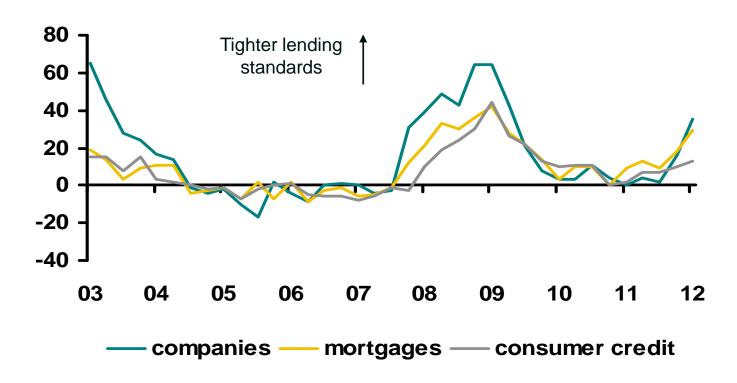
Road map to eurobonds

15

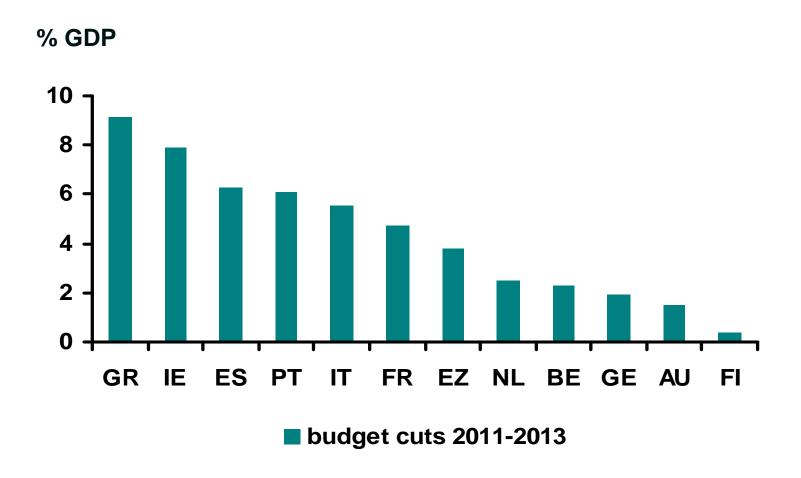


European banks tightening lending standards again

Balance net tightening

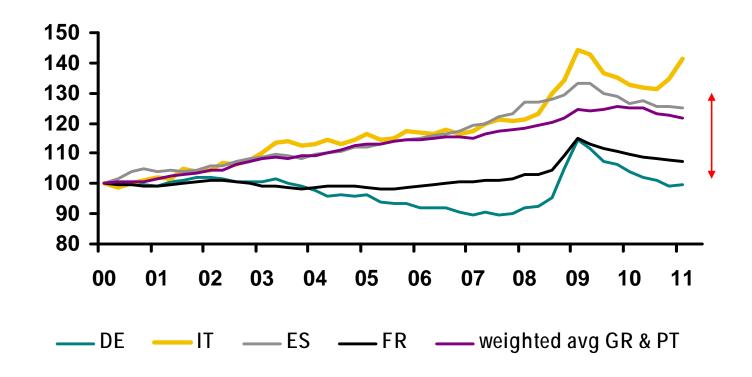


The new fiscal fundamentalism in Europe

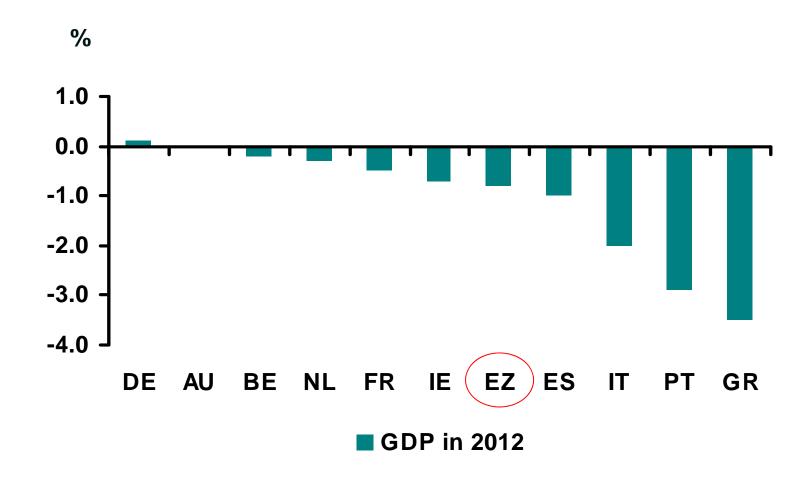


Need for growth, competitiveness agenda

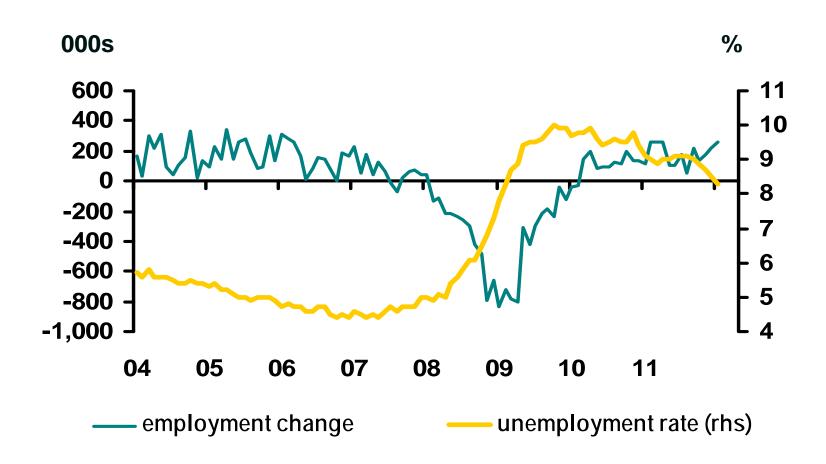
Unit labour cost index, 2000 = 100



Eurozone in recession – divergence remains

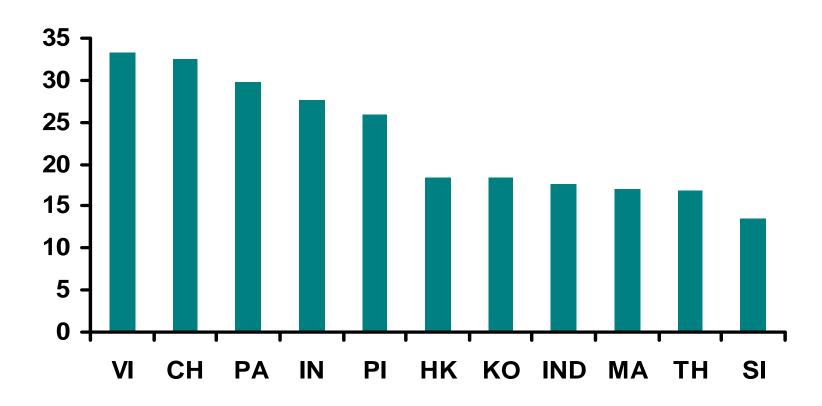


US labour market starting to come to life



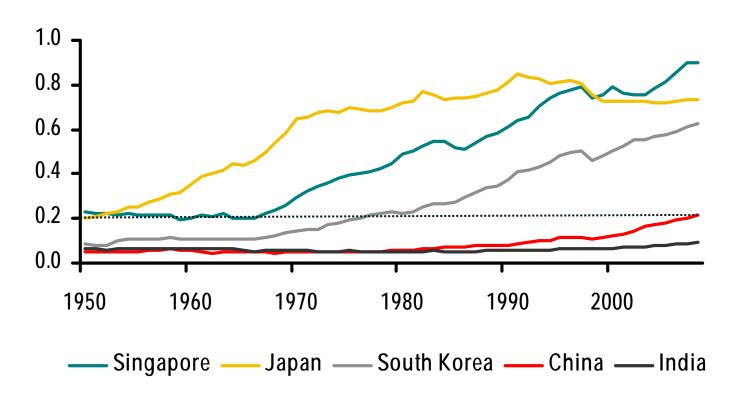
Asia still relies on the West for its exports

Share of total exports to US and Eurozone



Productivity catch-up has a long way to go

Per capita GDP relative to the US



Moderate global growth

Economic outlook	2010	2011	2012
Global GDP	5.1	3.7	3.3
US	3.0	1.7	2.1
Eurozone	1.8	1.5	-0.8
China	10.4	9.2	8.4
World trade	15.5	6.5	4.5
Global CPI	3.6	4.6	3.5
Eurozone	1.6	2.7	1.6
US	1.6	3.1	1.7
China	3.3	5.4	4.5

Rates and FX (year-end)	24-Feb	2012
3-M Euribor rate	1.01	0.70
3-M Libor rate	0.49	0.30
German 10-Y yield	2.00	2.30
US 10-Y yield	1.89	2.50
EUR/USD	1.34	1.35

Important information

The views and opinions expressed in this document may be subject to change at any given time.

Individuals are advised to seek professional guidance prior to making any investments.

This material is provided to you for information purposes only and should not be construed as an advice nor as an invitation or offer to buy or sell securities or other financial instruments. Before investing in any product of ABN AMRO Bank N.V., you should obtain information on various financial and other risks and any possible restrictions that you and your investments activities may encounter under applicable laws and regulations. If, after reading the presentation, you consider investing in a product, you are advised to discuss such an investment with your relationship manager or personal advisor and check whether this product –considering the risks involved- is appropriate within your investment activities. The value of your investments may fluctuate. Past performance is no guarantee for future returns. ABN AMRO Bank N.V. has taken all reasonable care to ensure that the information contained in this document is correct but does not accept liability for any misprints. ABN AMRO Bank N.V. reserves the right to make amendments to this material.

