# Deloitte.

# ESG – Charting the Course to a Sustainable Future



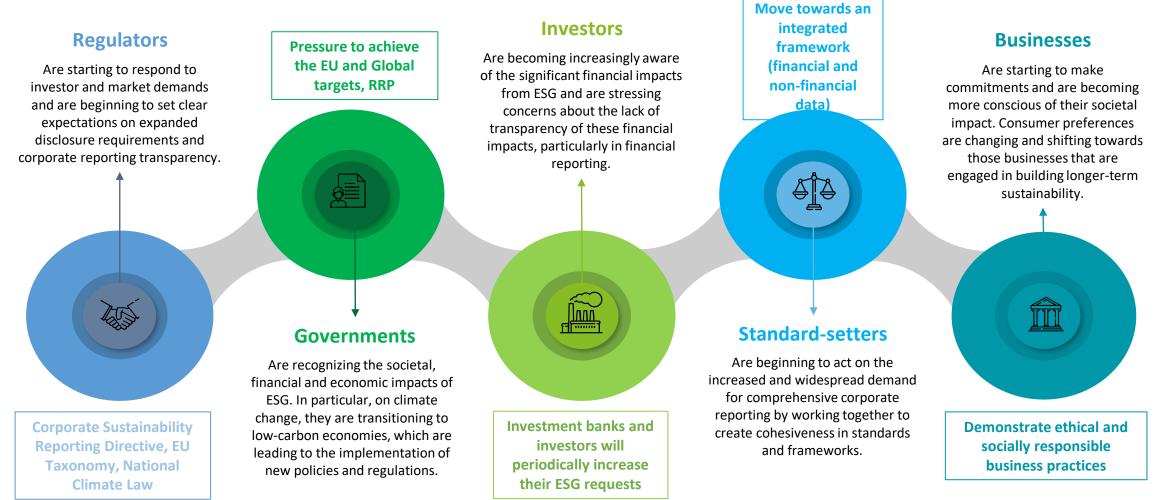
7<sup>th</sup> Annual Capital Link Cyprus Shipping Forum *February 2024* 

Katerina Ronga Partner, Risk Advisory, Sustainability & Climate Leader, Deloitte Greece



### Introduction | Driving forces for change

Investors, regulators, government and consumers are increasingly focused on the health of our planet and society. Some business leaders are also amongst the leading advocates for change.



### Sustainability & ESG Landscape | Regulations, Frameworks and Standards Overview

From a financial materiality perspective...

...to a "double materiality" approach.

**Global Sustainability Frameworks** (definition, principles, goals,..)

**Regional/National Regulations** (disclosure obligations)

**ESG/Sustainability reporting standards** (reporting principles & metrics)

> **Climate reporting Standards** (reporting principles & metrics)

**Integrated Reporting Initiatives** (incl. multi-capitals models)







**ISO 26000** 











WØRLD

FORUM



**National Climate Law** 







<IR> Framework

**REPORTING** 

**FOUNDATION** INTEGRATED REPORTING FRAMEWORK

**VALUE** 

























THE NET-ZERO STANDARD

**GRI GSSB** 







Other academic integrated models: CARE, LIFTS, Economics of mutuality, HARVARD impact weighted accounts..e.t.c.

### ESG Opportunities for the shipping sector | Sustainable Shipping benefits

### - **Environment**

#### Emissions Reduction

Utilize eco-friendly technologies, incorporate alternative fuels (like LNG, hydrogen, and biofuels), and implement advanced AI for optimizing ship routing and logistics to reduce the carbon footprint.

### Energy Efficiency

Implement advanced control systems, effective antifouling paints and the utilization of electronic speed control systems to enhance energy efficiency.

#### Pollution Prevention

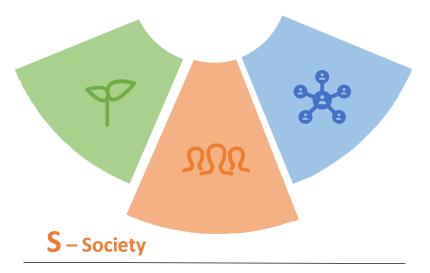
Adopt low-sulfur fuels to mitigate air pollution and use ballast water management systems to **prevent** water pollution [Link to the NFRD & biodiversity improvement]

#### Alternative Fuels

Low- and zero-emission fuels are a current area of focus since they are essential to achieving large emission reductions in the maritime sector, where only energy-dense products, such as biogas, hydrogen and ammonia can deliver the power a ship requires.

#### Technological Innovation

The investment of shipping companies' resources in **developing technological solutions** to avoid and reduce emissions can provide a competitive advantage.



#### Human Rights

Establish comprehensive policies and procedures regarding the respect of human and labor rights by conducting internal processes (such as trainings and assessments) to prevent discrimination and promote inclusion [roll out in society

### Health and Safety

Set internal procedures and policies for safe working conditions, as well as the execution of risk assessments and health and safety trainings to reduce the risk of accidents and injuries.

### Cyber Security

A shift towards more automation is expected, resulting in increased risks of cyber security, and the need for technological knowledge.

### **G** – Governance

### • Financial Stability – Green Financing & Incentives

Mitigate risks, reduce operational costs (through low carbon pricing, reduced insurance fees), maximize shareholder profits through green bond issuance, access funding and attract investments.

#### Stakeholder Engagement

Strengthen the relationships with stakeholders, such as investors, customers and employees, leading to increased trust, loyalty and long-term partnerships.

#### Competitive Advantage

Gain a competitive advantage by attracting new customers and investors and strengthening their **reputation** in the industry.

#### Regulatory Compliance

Avoid penalties and fines by complying with the legal requirements, such as the EU Emission Trading Scheme, IMO Energy Efficiency Existing Ship Index (EEXI), Carbon Intensity Indicator (CII) ratings, and CSRD-mandated ESG disclosures.

### Enhanced Risk Management

**Integrate** sustainability risk factors into existing Risk Management Frameworks and optimize strategy.

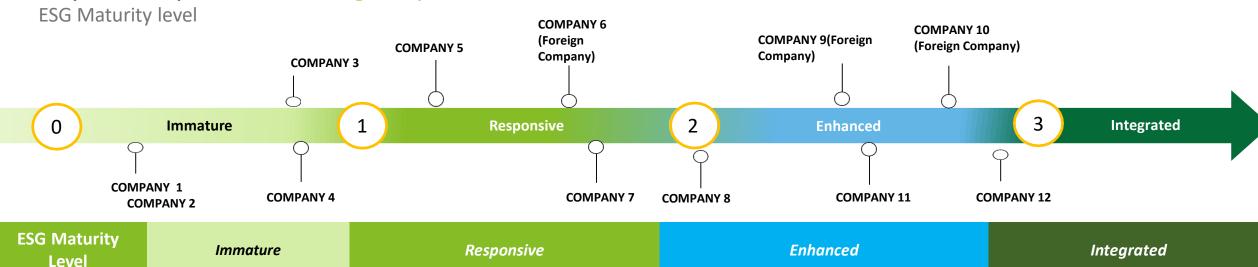


### Industry benchmarking analysis

Deloitte's ESG Maturity Model

**ESG Goals and KPIs ESG Strategy ESG Governance Materiality Assessment ESG Report** Our baseline: Strategic focus and future orientation Organizational overview and external environment Level 4 - Innovative Level 2 - Progressing Level 1 - Starting the journey **Integrated Enhanced** Sustainability is integrated into business strategy, culture, and operations such that it may not get called out separately. Responsive Robust ESG programs with specific goals tied to specific ESG risks are integrated with Enterprise Risk frameworks and business outcomes, coupled with the associated ESG Compliance approach to responding to ESG treated equally to other business risks reporting and verified disclosures requirements and changing expectations **ESG Maturity Level** High Low

### Key Points | Benchmarking Snapshot (Key points)



Strategy For Managing ESG Impacts

ESG Governance

ESG Materiality
Assessment

ESG Targets & KPIs

ESG Report

- Companies scored very low on strategy and governance (i.e. absence of developing a sustainability strategy and having set a sustainability team and/or sustainability committee)
- Most of the companies did not have a sustainability operating model in place and integrated sustainability strategy
- Very few companies had completed materiality analysis non of the companies had completed double materiality analysis (requirement for the CSRD)
- All companies had a sustainability report in place, but most were based only on the SASB standard (financial standard for shipping sector) not covering the new requirements of the new sustainability legislative framework
- The maturity level in the shipping sector is being differentiated based on the location of operation and the business model
- The shipping sector has started the sustainability journey to incorporate sustainability practices in day to day operation though CO2 emissions are still at high levels and remains the major challenge
- The shipping sector is focusing on transforming the business model to a more sustainable one, through zero emission fleet and redefined transportation options

### Key Points | Benchmarking Snapshot (Key Points)

### **Sustainable Finance Insights**

- 30% companies disclosed eligibility & alignment on turnover, capex, and opex. High eligibility was observed, but alignment was near zero for turnover with only a slight portion of investments and operational expenses aligned to the EU Taxonomy
- Most companies in the sector are not mandated to report due to non-listings on European exchanges. However, voluntarily reporting supports green investment decisions and offers a clearer view to stakeholders

- ❖ Shipping companies have been slowing entering the **green bond** market
- Only 1 from the international companies used sustainability linked loans and green bonds to achieve their ambitious goals on clean transportation

**EU Taxonomy** 

Sustainability linked loans & Green bonds

### **Green Rising Technologies**

- ✓ Transition to Green Fuels: Prioritizing biodiesel, green methanol (both bio and e-methanol), and green ammonia as viable sustainable fuel options for decarbonization.
- ✓ Energy Efficiency Technologies: Incorporating propeller ducts and advanced anti-fouling paints to optimize vessel energy efficiency.
- ✓ Innovative Onboard Solutions: Assessing the feasibility of integrating onboard carbon capture technologies and pioneering advanced wash-water filtration systems to combat micro-plastic pollution in port waters.
- ✓ Ship Recycling: Reviewing the use of facilities with a Statement of Compliance, verified by an International Association of Classification Societies (IACS) member, ensuring environmentally-responsible and safe decommissioning of vessels.

### **ESG Ratings**





ecovadis

60% of the companies of the companies disclosed their <u>environmental</u> <u>performance</u> through CDP

**30%** of the companies were rated\_through Ecovadis and Sea Cargo Charter, to demonstrate their sustainable practices and climate alignment



### Sustainability & ESG Landscape







### **TCFD Recommendations | Voluntary disclosures**

- Climate-related risks and opportunities
- Governance, strategy, risk management, metrics & targets

2021



### **ATHEX ESG Reporting Guide | Listed companies**

- Communication of ESG information to investors
- Improvement of the ESG performance

### **EU Climate Law | Future-oriented goals**

- New long-term European goals
- **Duties for directors**

### **National Climate Law | National targets**

- **Reporting on carbon emissions**
- **Industry-specific carbon emission budgets**

- Which economic activities are green? 6 pillars of environmental relevance
- New reporting requirements

### **EU Taxonomy for Sustainable Activities** | A novel classification system

### **CSRD** | Reporting on non-financial information

- New reporting requirements
- Digital tagging and assurance

2025

2024



### **SEC** | Climate-related disclosures

- New reporting requirements
- The proposed disclosures are broadly similar to the TCFD and GHG protocol

### Shipping Regulation Linked with the Sustainability Journey

**FuelEU Maritime** 



The Regulation establishes consistent rules for ships using energy while in ports under the control of a Member State. It sets limits on the **greenhouse gas intensity** of the energy used and requires the use of on-shore power supply or zero-emission technology. The Regulation is applicable to all **commercial ships** with a gross tonnage of 5000 or more, which are used for transporting passengers or cargo.

SEC Climate Disclosure Requirements



The SEC Climate Disclosure

Requirements focus on creating a carbon-footprint oriented framework around accelerated and large accelerated filers. Other than focusing on Scope 1, 2 and 3 emissions, they also focus on having assured reports, as well as structured transition plans and climate-risk frameworks. This allows for a better integration of climate-related responsibilities within the governance model and in extension to company strategies.

International Maritime Organization (IMO)



The International Maritime Organization (IMO), the most prestigious global maritime organization, has set some industry goals regarding maritime "footprint".

It is the first regulatory body to adopt a global industry strategy.

EU Monitoring, Reporting and Verification (MRV)



The main objective of this Regulation is to establish a comprehensive framework that outlines specific guidelines and procedures for the precise tracking, documentation, and validation of carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) emissions, as well as other pertinent data, originating from ships that enter, operate within, or exit ports governed by a Member State.

EU Emissions Trading System (ETS)



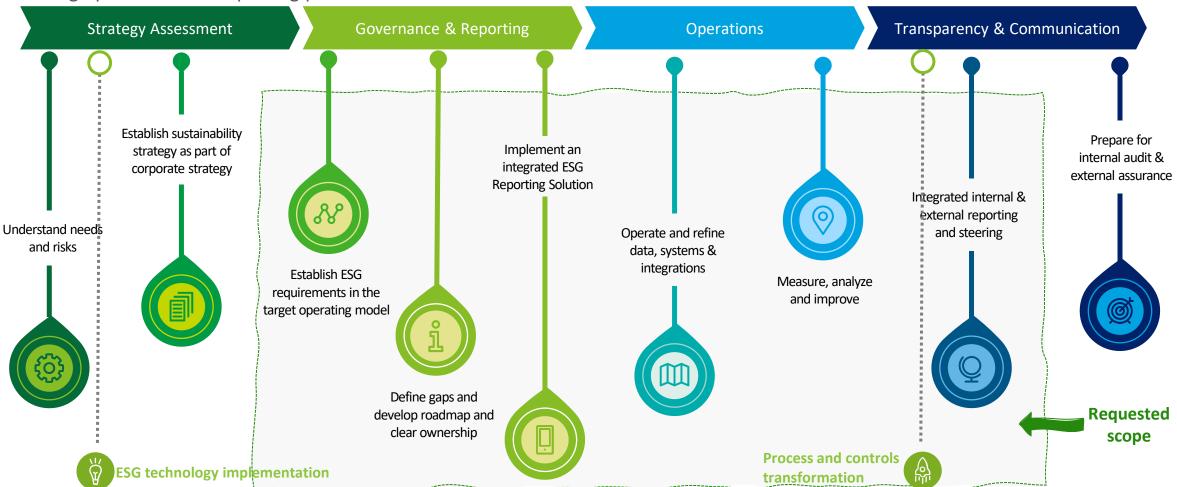
The ETS is a European Union's policy aiming to confront climate change and reduce greenhouse gas emissions in a cost-effective way.

From January 2024, the maritime sector will be included in Europe's Emissions Trading System ("ETS"), in order to address greenhouse gas emissions from the sector and ensure that shipping focuses on meeting the economy-wide emission reduction targets of the European Union.



# Transition towards integrated and relevant ESG reporting is more than a transformation journey | Holistic Approach

A holistic sustainability approach from strategic to operation level is required. ESG data management is key priority of this journey affecting operations and reporting pillars.



# Deloitte.

## **Q&A Session**



### Deloitte.

This document has been prepared by Deloitte Business Solutions Societe Anonyme of Business Consultants, Deloitte Certified Public Accountants Societe Anonyme and Deloitte Alexander Competence Center Single Member Societe Anonyme of Business Consultants.

Deloitte Business Solutions Societe Anonyme of Business Consultants, a Greek company, registered in Greece with registered number 000665201000 and its registered office at Marousi Attica, 3a Fragkokklisias & Granikou str., 151 25, Deloitte Certified Public Accountants Societe Anonyme, a Greek company, registered in Greece with registered number 0001223601000 and its registered office at Marousi, Attica, 3a Fragkokklisias & Granikou str., 151 25 and Deloitte Alexander Competence Center Single Member Societe Anonyme of Business Consultants, a Greek company, registered in Greece with registered number 144724504000 and its registered office at Thessaloniki, Municipality of Pylaia - Chortiatis of Thessaloniki, Vepe Technopolis Thessaloniki (5th and 3rd street), are one of the Deloitte Central Mediterranean S.r.I. ("DCM") countries. DCM, a company limited by guarantee registered in Italy with registered number 09599600963 and its registered office at Via Tortona no. 25, 20144, Milan, Italy is one of the Deloitte NSE LLP geographies. Deloitte NSE LLP is a UK limited liability partnership and member firm of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Limited, a UK private company limited by guarantee.

Deloitte refers to one or more of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Limited ("DTTL"), its global network of member firms and their related entities (collectively, the "Deloitte organization"). DTTL (also referred to as "Deloitte Global") and each of its member firms and related entities are legally separate and independent entities, which cannot obligate or bind each other in respect of third parties. DTTL and each DTTL member firm and related entity is liable only for its own acts and omissions, and not those of any of each other. DTTL does not provide services to clients. Please see <a href="https://www.deloitte.com/about">www.deloitte.com/about</a> to learn more.

DTTL, Deloitte NSE LLP and Deloitte Central Mediterranean S.r.l. do not provide services to clients. Please see <a href="https://www.deloitte.com/about">www.deloitte.com/about</a> to learn more about our global network of member firms.

Deloitte is a leading global provider of audit and assurance, consulting, financial advisory, risk advisory, tax and related services. Our global network of member firms and related entities in more than 150 countries and territories serves four out of five Fortune Global 500® companies. Learn how Deloitte's approximately 312,000 people make an impact that matters at <a href="https://www.deloitte.com">www.deloitte.com</a>.

This document and its contents are confidential and prepared solely for your use, and may not be reproduced, redistributed or passed on to any other person in whole or in part, unless otherwise expressly agreed with you. No other party is entitled to rely on this document for any purpose whatsoever and we accept no liability to any other party, who is provided with or obtains access or relies to this document.

© 2024 For more information contact Deloitte Central Mediterranean.